1. Cold wave & flu risk in Telangana

Telangana is experiencing a cold wave with temperatures dropping 2 °C – 3 °C below normal. The state health department issued an advisory warning of increased risk of seasonal flu especially among children under 5, the elderly, pregnant women and persons with chronic diseases.

Why this matters: The cold spell may trigger a rise in respiratory illnesses and flu-like infections; preventive measures are being emphasised (hand-washing, avoiding crowded places, staying warm).

Tip: If you're in or travelling to Telangana (or similar regions), keep warm, stay hydrated, seek care early if symptoms worsen (e.g., high fever, breathing difficulty).

2. **Drug-abuse among medical students & young doctors in Telangana**Reports indicate a rising trend of drug abuse (including narcotics and marijuana) among medical students and young doctors in Telangana.

Why this matters: Health-professionals themselves being affected raises concerns about wellbeing, patient-safety, institutional support and stigma. Response: The Telangana Junior Doctors Association (T-JUDA) has launched a peer-support and counselling initiative called "Emotional Development T-JUDA Connect".

Tip: For institutions: institute strong mental-health support for trainees/doctors; for individuals: if you are in med-education, don't hesitate to seek help.

3. Infrastructure repair funds in Andhra Pradesh hospitals

Following damage caused by Cyclone Montha, the medical & health department in Andhra Pradesh has sought around Rs 13.13 crore for temporary repairs at 40 government-hospitals including health & wellness centres and teaching hospitals.

Why this matters: Infrastructure is crucial to deliver healthcare; damage to hospitals can affect service delivery at critical times.

Tip: If you or someone you know is reliant on government hospitals in the

affected districts (Ambedkar Konaseema, Visakhapatnam, Chittoor, Vizianagaram), verify operational status or alternative centres.

4. Fire-safety officer posts approved in Rajasthan govt hospitals

In Rajasthan, the Finance Department approved creation of 30 dedicated fire-safety officer posts in major government hospitals — following a fatal fire incident.

5. **Why this matters:** Safety in hospital infrastructure (ICU, oxygen systems, hydrants, alarms) is vital — patient lives depend not just on medical care but on safe environment.

Tip: If you are visiting large public hospitals, it's reasonable to ask about fire-safety practices (e.g., exits, alarms, drills).

6. Personalised medicine seen as coming of age in India

At the Cohort Connect 2025 conclave in Bhubaneswar, experts from the CSIR – Institute of Genomics and Integrative Biology (IGIB) indicated that it is not far off before "personalised medicine" (tailored treatments to individuals) becomes viable and cost-effective in India.

Why this matters: Personalised medicine (genetics, lifestyle etc) holds promise to improve outcomes especially in a diverse country like India. Challenges remain: cost, regulatory framework, infrastructure.

Tip: For those interested: keep an eye on developments in genomics, Al in medicine—this may affect future care options.

7. India showcases pharma & medical-tech at Qatar Medicare 2025

At the Qatar Medicare 2025 (held 11-13 Nov at Doha), the Indian Embassy in Doha in collaboration with partners mounted an "Indian Pavilion" to highlight India's achievements in pharmaceuticals, medical-technology and healthcare innovation.

Why this matters: India is strengthening its role in global healthcare/med-tech exports and innovation, which in long-term can affect access, cost and availability of advanced treatments domestically.

Tip: If you are a healthcare professional or entrepreneur: such international exposure may open new opportunities for collaboration, technology transfer.