New Al-Based Cancer Screening Pilot in Delhi

Location

Delhi, India – Pilot program launched in select government hospitals.

- Delhi has introduced Al-driven cancer screening in government hospitals, marking one of the first large-scale pilots in India.
- The program focuses on breast and cervical cancers, which together account for a major share of cancer-related deaths among Indian women.
- Al-powered imaging and diagnostic tools are being integrated into existing hospital infrastructure to improve speed, accuracy, and early detection.

How It Works

- Al algorithms analyze mammograms, Pap smears, and other imaging reports.
- Automated detection flags suspicious findings for review by oncologists.
- This dual-check system aims to reduce human error and ensure timely interventions.

Why It Matters

- India sees over 1.5 million new cancer cases annually, with late diagnosis being a critical challenge.
- In Delhi alone, breast cancer accounts for ~30% of cancers among women, while cervical cancer is the second most common.
- Early detection can improve survival rates by up to 70% in breast cancer and 90% in cervical cancer.

Mho Benefits

- Women between 30–65 years are the primary target group for screenings.
- Patients in low-resource settings, where access to oncologists is limited, will get faster diagnosis.
- Doctors and hospitals benefit from reduced workload and improved diagnostic confidence.

m Policy & Expansion

- The Delhi Health Department is leading the initiative with technical support from Al research firms and medical institutes.
- If outcomes are favorable, the model could be expanded across Tier-2 and Tier-3 cities in the next two years.
- The central government is monitoring the pilot as part of India's National Cancer Control Program.

Expert Speak

- Oncologists have welcomed the move, noting Al as a "decision-support tool" rather than a replacement for doctors.
- Patient advocacy groups highlight the need for public awareness campaigns alongside technology deployment.